

Miller & Rhoads

ATTRACTIVE ITEMS IN OUR

February White Event!

Among the many new things we are showing this week are some exceptional values in the new style Dresses. We mention four unusually smart and pretty creations this morning.

New White Dresses

At \$7.98 Each

Dresses of popular cotton crepes, with embroideries of various sizes; made in a tunic and full combination effect, with embellishments of ribbon and net.

At \$12.75 Each

A very simple, though quite effective Dress of rice cloth, with frilled sleeves and skirt, and lace trimmings.

At \$18.75 Each

A very fascinating Dress of embroidered lingerie, the tunic of which is of shadow lace, low neck and three-quarter sleeves.

At \$25.00 Each

Elaborate Embroidered Crepe Dress, with combination tunic of lace, and a new bolero effect waist to match.

Second Floor.

White Goods for Dresses or Underwear

DIMITIES—In large, small and double checks, an exceptional value at, per yard..... 12 1/2c
LINENE SUITING—36 inches wide, for children's suits and tailored waists, per yard..... 12 1/2c
PLAIN FLAXON—A very fine and sheer cloth, 36 inches wide, per yard..... 12 1/2c
CHECKED AND STRIPED CREPES—27 inches wide, in a new weave and weight that is the correct thing for spring; per yard..... 15c

Long Cloths and Nainsooks

YARD-WIDE LONGCLOTH—In 10-yard pieces; special at..... \$1.00
YARD-WIDE LONGCLOTH—In 12-yard pieces, fine and soft weave; an exceptional value..... \$1.39
40-INCH NAINSOOK—A remarkably good quality, fine and softly finished, 12-yard pieces for..... \$1.89

First Floor.

FAIRFAX HARRISON VISITS RICHMOND

New President of Southern Railway Makes First Official Tour.

CALLS ON GOVERNOR STUART

Expresses Astonishment at City's Growth and Its Business Importance.

President Fairfax Harrison and a party of Southern Railway officials spent yesterday in Richmond inspecting the property of the company in this city and making a general business survey upon which to base future development. The visit was made with no specific purpose in view, but was designed to give the new president a comprehensive, personal acquaintance with local conditions. The party called upon the officials of other railway lines in Richmond and upon several shippers who have extensive business operations with the Southern.

It was the first official visit of President Harrison to Richmond since his election to succeed the late W. W. Pinley. In the party were H. B. Spencer, vice-president; E. H. Coapman, vice-president and general manager; H. E. Hutchins, general superintendent, and Key Compton, president of the Chesapeake Steamship Company. On their arrival yesterday morning the officials at once went to the general offices of the Southern Railway and were greeted by General Freight Agent J. H. Drake.

Called on Governor. With Mr. Drake as their guide, the visitors were first taken on an inspection tour of the Southern Railway properties in Richmond. During the day Mr. Harrison called on Governor Stuart at the Capitol. The Governor and Mr. Harrison are old friends.

The party left for Washington last night at 8:20 o'clock, over the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad. Before leaving the city, Mr. Harrison explained the meaning of his visit to a reporter for The Times-Dispatch.

"There is no particular significance attached to this visit," said he. "I did not come to investigate any specific problem or to effect any immediate changes. This is rather a visit from which to draw knowledge that will enable me to act intelligently on questions which may arise hereafter. I must now go back to Washington and the information I have acquired to-day."

He was asked for his impressions of Richmond.

"Amazed by Richmond's growth," "I am a stranger to Richmond, as you know," he replied, "but what I saw to-day was a revelation to me. One can get no real conception of the commercial importance of the city on the kind of a visit I have made here. It requires a thorough inspection of the manufacturing section, such as I made to-day, to give a true idea of the diversified industry of Richmond. How the city has grown, I was amazed to see the strides made."

"Richmond, in common with the entire South, has a wonderful future before it. This is the section of the country now in the process of development. It is the country of opportunity."

In speaking of the impossibility of obtaining any idea of the manufacturing importance of Richmond on an ordinary visit, Mr. Harrison referred to the Chattanooga scheme of a permanent exhibit of manufacturing products. He was told that the manufacturers of Richmond are just now installing a similar exhibit. He warmly commended the plan.

Will Affect South. "I am strongly hoping that the Interstate Commerce Commission will grant a 5 per cent increase in freight rates," he said. "Contrary to the general opinion, I believe that the increase will not affect the railways of the South, but I do expect it to reflect favorably on our business in an indirect way. The increase is being asked only by the railroads of the North and the West. I much hope that the increase will be cast of Chicago. If granted, it will do much to stimulate general commercial prosperity."

Mr. Harrison considers himself very much of a Virginian, although his residence is in Washington. He owns a handsome farm in Fauquier County and spends much time there.

PRIZE BULLETIN

Demand is Large for Book on Recreation. The Department of Public Instruction has been ordered to prepare an illustrated pamphlet, "Play and Athletics," recently published under the direction of Superintendent R. C. Stearnes. Although many thousands of these pamphlets were printed, the supply has been nearly exhausted, while the demand still continues.

Dr. John Brown, Jr., secretary of the health and recreation department of the United States Army, has written M. C. A., in a recent letter to the department, expresses thanks for the 100 copies sent him. "We have sent a copy of this booklet to all of our county Young Men's Christian Association secretaries throughout the United States, and are beginning to receive replies indicating how much interest will be taken in the booklet. It will interest you to know that this efficiency of hundreds of rural school teachers throughout the land in this matter of the supervision of play."

Red Cross to Put Branch Here. A letter received yesterday by Mayor Ahlstrom from Charles Jenkins, director of the Atlantic division of the American Red Cross Society, stated that it had been decided to establish a branch of the society in Richmond, and that Mr. Jenkins would be in Richmond to-day. It was stated that Richmond had been selected after careful deliberation by the officers of the American Red Cross Society.

The American National Bank OF RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

with its guarantee of unexcelled SECURITY AND SERVICE, solicits YOUR patronage. Everything is done for the convenience and comfort of our patrons. We are interested in their success, and extend to them every courtesy and assistance within our power at all times. Come in and confer with us about your financial transactions.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$1,600,000.00
RESOURCES, - - - \$8,800,000.00

Looks Over the Town

SENATE GETS NEW ROLLING-STOCK ACT

Amendments Give 25 Per Cent to Cities and 75 Per Cent to Counties.

MEASURE HELD TO BE LEGAL

Attorneys Agree That Constitutional Failing Is Removed in New Law.

The Senate Committee on Roads and Internal Navigation voted yesterday afternoon to recommend for passage the rolling-stock bill introduced by Senators Holt and West, after incorporating an amendment providing for the same share of the rolling-stock tax on the basis of 25 per cent to the home office cities and 75 per cent to the counties, towns and school districts. The committee also adopted amendments of minor import.

The act was declared unconstitutional by the State Corporation Commission on the ground that no class of cities among the several cities, towns and school districts had been removed from the tax. The act of 1912 assessed the whole rolling-stock corpus at the tax rate of one cent per ton. The act of 1913 amended the act of 1912 so that to that time had absorbed the whole tax itself, and proposed to apportion the tax rate and proportion that the various cities, towns and counties through which the roads passed, for local uses.

The act was declared unconstitutional by the State Corporation Commission on the ground that no class of cities among the several cities, towns and school districts had been removed from the tax. The act of 1912 assessed the whole rolling-stock corpus at the tax rate of one cent per ton. The act of 1913 amended the act of 1912 so that to that time had absorbed the whole tax itself, and proposed to apportion the tax rate and proportion that the various cities, towns and counties through which the roads passed, for local uses.

Under the terms of the Holt-West bill, the State Corporation Commission is directed to ascertain and apportion the value of the rolling stock of the various railroad corporations in Virginia among the several cities, towns and school districts through which any part of any of the railroads passes, on the basis of the rolling stock of the total assessed value of the right of way, roadbed, tracks and other property owned by the railroads. For each railroad corporation doing business in Virginia, it is provided, shall be assessed for taxation on the average amount of rolling stock habitually used by them in this State.

The House Committee on Roads and Internal Navigation, at the conclusion of a hearing last week, adopted an amendment dividing the rolling-stock tax among the cities and counties on a 30 and 70 per cent basis. It is believed that all factions will unite in furthering of passage of the bill, either the House or Senate amendment.

ANNEXATION CASE MARCH 6

Judge Campbell Defers Hearing on Request of City of Richmond.

Judge A. Campbell, appointed by ex-Governor Mann to preside, yesterday set the case for March 6. The case involves the annexation of the city of Henric and the counties of Henric and Chesterfield. Representatives of the city and the two counties were present in Henric County Courthouse yesterday morning and immediately agreed upon the date which will allow time in which to see what disposition the legislature will make of the bill. The bill provides that cities shall not annex more than 5 per cent of the taxable values of adjoining counties.

Mayor Offers Reward. Mayor Ahlstrom yesterday offered a reward of \$2 for information leading to the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who knowingly turned in a false alarm of fire at Box 24 at St. John and South Streets at 7:21 o'clock on February 1.

Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, notified Mayor Ahlstrom that a false alarm had been turned in on that date, and the offer of reward followed.

OPINIONS FILED BY COURT OF APPEALS

Baltimore Hotel Man Awarded Full Amount of Policy on Eutaw House.

EIGHT CASES ARE DECIDED

Lower Court Affirmed in Five and Reversed in Three. The Record.

The United States Circuit Court of Appeals convened yesterday in Richmond for the February term, with Chief Judge C. Pritchard, Knapp and Woods in attendance. Eight opinions, five affirming and three reversing the lower court, were handed down.

In reversing the decision of the United States District Court at Baltimore in the case of Frank C. O'Brien against the North River Insurance Company of New York City, the court upheld the validity of an unusual insurance policy. Several months before the National Democratic Convention, held in Baltimore in 1912, a contract to provide hotel accommodations for the Underwood Marching Club in the Eutaw House was entered into by O'Brien, proprietor of the hotel, and the president of the organization. In March of the same year, the North River Insurance Company wrote a \$10,000 policy insuring O'Brien against the destruction of his hotel by fire or accident before the convention. A fire in May damaged the Eutaw House so badly that the contract with the Underwood Marching Club could not be fulfilled. The insurance company contested the full settlement of the claim, and the case was brought to trial. O'Brien obtained judgment for \$8,000 of the \$10,000 he claimed. The opinion, written by Judge Woods and concurred in by the other members of the Circuit Court of Appeals, reverses this decision and declares that O'Brien is rightfully due the full \$10,000.

Many Cases Decided.

The court also handed down its opinion in the following cases: No. 1136—The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company of Baltimore, plaintiff in error, vs. French Mutual General Society of Mutual Insurance Against Fire, defendant in error. Reversed. Judge Woods dissenting. No. 1137—Frank C. O'Brien, Proprietor, plaintiff in error, vs. The North River Insurance Company of the City of New York, defendant in error. Error to the District Court at Baltimore, Md. Opinion by Judge Woods. Reversed.

No. 1138—Maurice L. Knight, appellant, vs. Henry P. Rieger, John Dropp, and Charles H. Rieger, appellees. Appeal from the District Court at Baltimore, Md. Opinion by Judge Woods. Affirmed. No. 1139—Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. W. D. Sturgeon, master of the tugboat, defendant in error. Error to the District Court at Columbia, S. C. Opinion by Judge Woods. Affirmed.

No. 1140—The United States of America, plaintiff in error, vs. Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, defendant in error. Error to the District Court at Columbia, S. C. Opinion by Judge Woods. Reversed. No. 1141—Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. The United States of America, defendant in error. Error to the District Court at Columbia, S. C. Opinion by Judge Woods. Affirmed.

No. 1142—Olsen, master and claimant of steamship Kirkwood, appellant, vs. H. H. Haden, master of tugboat Florida, and G. H. Willis, master and claimant of tugboat Westview, appellees. Appeal from the District Court at Roanoke, Va. Opinion by Judge Woods. Affirmed. No. 1143—William Leonard, appellant, vs. Francis T. Lynch, appellee. Appeal from the District Court at Baltimore, Md. Opinion by Judge Woods. Affirmed.

Cases Argued.

No. 1178, Pineland Club et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Edward Robert et al., defendants in error; error to the District Court at Charleston, S. C. Argued by Frank R. Frost, appellant, S. C. and Joseph S. Clark, of Philadelphia, Pa., for the plaintiffs in error, and Benjamin H. Haden, of Charleston, S. C., for the defendants in error, and submitted.

No. 1179, Pineland Club et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Pauline Sanders et al., defendants in error; error to the District Court at Charleston, S. C. Argued by Frank R. Frost, appellant, S. C. and Joseph S. Clark, of Philadelphia, Pa., for the plaintiffs in error, and Benjamin H. Haden, of Charleston, S. C., for the defendants in error, and submitted.

No. 1215, Princess Furnace Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company, defendant in error; error to the District Court at Roanoke, Va. Argued by Benjamin Haden, of Fincastle, Va., for the plaintiff in error, and Francis T. Lynch, of Baltimore, Md., for the defendant in error.

Cases in Call To-Day. No. 1202, Benjamin G. Williams and Laura Williams, appellants, vs. George H. Hogue, trustee of Benjamin G. Williams, appellee. Appeal from the District Court at Philadelphia, W. Va., in bankruptcy. To be argued by Neely & Lively, of Richmond, W. Va., for the appellants, and E. F. Morgan, of Fairmont, W. Va., and J. M. Ritz, of Wheeling, W. Va., for the appellee. No. 1215, The Washington and Berkeley Bridge Company, a corporation, plaintiff in error, vs. The Pennsylvania Steel Company, a corporation, defendant in error; error to the District Court at Roanoke, Va. Argued by Brown & Brown, of Charlottesville, W. Va., and Wagoner & Wagoner, of Harrisonburg, Md., for the plaintiff in error, and L. C. Leedy, of Hagerstown, Md., and Faulkner & Leedy, of Harrisonburg, W. Va., for the defendant in error.

Court adjourned until this morning at 10 o'clock.

DIRECTORS NAME STATE FAIR DATES

Week of October 5-10 Selected. Henry Fairfax Re-Elected President.

At its first meeting held since the annual stockholders' meeting early in January, the board of directors of the Virginia State Fair Association, Inc., yesterday afternoon settled upon the week of October 5 to 10, inclusive, as the time for holding the next State Fair.

President Henry Fairfax earnestly endeavored to persuade the board to elect another to the position held by him for five years, but his objections were overridden by the directors, and he was re-elected president of the association. Other officers elected and re-elected were:

Vice-presidents, Samuel Cohen, J. T. Anderson, Henry C. Stuart and Samuel H. Marshall, of Albemarle County; treasurer, O. J. Sander, secretary, W. Douglas Gordon; executive committee, J. T. Anderson, Samuel Cohen, E. D. H. Jones, Jr., Leigh R. Page and Alvin M. Smith.

Visitors to the City

Have the opportunity of supplying any of their clothing wants at reduced prices. Every Suit and Overcoat in the house now has price reductions.

Gans-Rady Company

STUART TAKES UP DUTIES OF OFFICE

First Document Signed by Him Was Notary Commission Issued to Parrish.

Governor Stuart entered upon the performance of his duties as chief executive in earnest yesterday. After the strenuous inauguration ceremony and the public reception, he appeared in the executive offices in the Capitol at 3 o'clock and remained until mid-afternoon. The first document to which he officially signed himself Governor of Virginia was a notary commission issued to J. Samuel Parrish, an attorney-at-law of Richmond. In the small official family the signing of the commission was made an event.

Among the first exercises of his official prerogatives was the reappointment of two Capitol attaches who have become almost an integral part of the machinery of State government.

Richmond L. Blankenship was officially designated to continue in the capacity of elevator operator in the State Capitol. He has been elevator man in the Capitol since he first entered 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

One of the first gifts presented to the Governor was a handsome granite marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest. The articles are carved from marble quarried in the State of Arizona. The Governor has a home in the Southwest, and the marble inkwell and paper weight from his friends in the Southwest.

At the same time Governor Stuart called John T. Lyons into his office, and formally notified him of his retention as messenger to the Governor, a position which he has held since 1903. He was first appointed by Governor Montague, and has continued to enjoy the favor of succeeding executives.

HARDING INDICTED ON FOUR COUNTS

Bookkeeper in Commonwealth Bank Must Stand Trial for Grand Larceny.

Among the thirty indictments returned yesterday by the February grand jury were four against John H. Harding, confessed defaulting bookkeeper in the Commonwealth Bank, which failed, with heavy liabilities, some months ago. Each of the indictments charges Harding with grand larceny of varying amounts.

Other indictments returned were against Samuel Jones, malicious wounding; Robert Loney, malicious wounding; Frank Randolph, grand larceny; Arthur Smith and William Mills, grand larceny; Sam Hayes, malicious wounding; Middle Times, grand larceny; and Fletcher White, grand larceny. Alexander Venable, housebreaking; Richard Johnson and Herman Hill, housebreaking; Lucian Tyler, attempted criminal assault; William Terry, housebreaking; S. G. L. Cotton, forgery of draft for \$10; James Anderson, malicious wounding; Henry Clay, alias George Ross, grand larceny; John Anderson, malicious wounding; David Freeman, attempted murder; Charles Harris, malicious wounding; Laura Johnson, grand larceny; Anderson Johnson, housebreaking; (2) James Smith, burglary; Joseph Smith and William Taylor, housebreaking; Ollie Page, malicious wounding; William Carter, murder; William Golden, malicious wounding; Waverly Jones, grand larceny.

The grand jury was composed of Blair Bolling, foreman; F. H. Garber, George A. Goode, Charles H. Hagan, P. J. White, John W. Harrison, James E. Parkinson, C. E. Lewis and E. S. Rose.

MRS. WELLS TO SPEAK

Policewoman of Los Angeles to Be Heard by Women on Friday.

Mrs. Alice Stebbins Wells, of Los Angeles, the first policewoman of the United States, will deliver an address on "Sidelights on the Social Evil" at Park Place Methodist Church on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

This address is given under the auspices of the Social Service Federation of this city and is open to women only. Mrs. Wells will speak at the Y. M. C. Auditorium to-morrow night, under the auspices of the Equal Suffrage League of Richmond.

Held for Robbing Cars. John H. Humes, colored, was arraigned in Police Court yesterday on two charges of auto-robbing. He is alleged to have attempted to rob a car of the Chesapeake and Ohio and Seaboard Air Line railways and a small quantity of money and jewelry. He was held for trial on preliminary examination, and the case was sent to the Hustings Court.

S. B. B. colored, was sent to jail for four months for stealing brass from the Fulton Brick Works.

THE SAVINGS BANK OF RICHMOND 117 E. MAIN ST.

The protection of the family should be the first consideration. The Savings Bank will help you to own your home.

UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY FOR POSTAL SAVINGS FUNDS

CHARGES NOT YET MADE BY BOWLES

Blues' Commander to Prepare Specifications Against Bandsmen for Adjutant-General.

Charges and specifications against members of the battalion band, who refused to play at the dance in honor of the Virginia Military Institute cadets on Monday night, and who were arrested by orders of Major E. W. Bowles, commanding the Richmond Light Infantry Blues, were not sent to Adjutant-General Sale yesterday.

"I cannot say when I will prepare the charges," said Major Bowles last night. Otherwise he declined to discuss the case. As soon as the charges are presented to General Sale he will name the members of the court-martial, which will sit at noon on February 21 at the Blues' Armory. All of the men under arrest have been released on bond for their appearance before the court. They have jointly retained H. M. Smith, Jr., to present their side of the case.

Just what specifications will be made against the "strikers" is not known, and they will probably not be made public until after they reach the office of the Adjutant-General through military channels.

CITIZENS CAUSE

BROWER'S ARREST

D. B. Blair, Who Refused Money Paid for Stock, Locked Up by Police.

On complaint of citizens to whom he had sold stock, D. B. Blair, forty-two years old, was arrested yesterday by Officer Waymack on the charge of doing business as a curb broker without a license. He told the police that he was the representative of an automobile sales company, but would say nothing further. He was locked up in the Third Police Station for trial before Justice Maurice this morning in Police Court, Part II.

Two prominent merchants of South Richmond, J. T. Willard and E. E. Early, of the firm of Washington & Early, druggists, purchased stock from Blair, and it is believed that others bought shares. As an inducement Blair offered, it is said, to sell the stock which he claimed was quoted above par, below the market price.

When Mr. Early, who purchased two shares on Thursday for \$30, reported the case, Chief of Police Werner told Captain Wright to watch for Blair. Officer Waymack, who was detailed on the case, accompanied Mr. Early to Sixth and Broad Streets, where Blair had said he would meet them to return the money paid for the stock.

Blair, accompanied by a woman, who said she was his wife, readily refunded the money. He objected to going to police headquarters.

Mr. Early explained that his suspicions were aroused when Blair went to him the second time to sell stock. He said that Blair, who was well dressed and a good talker, had probably lost his bearings and thought that he was a different person.

Rate Charged by City Is Less Than Actual Cost of Pumping

Upon motion of Commissioner Hirschberg the Administrative Board yesterday passed a resolution recommending that the City Council reduce the rate charged for pumping water to the Young Men's Christian Association.

The Y. M. C. A. some weeks ago petitioned the City Council to reduce the rate charged for pumping water to the Young Men's Christian Association. The rate was 2.6 cents per 100 cubic feet, which is much lower than the customary rate and less than the cost of pumping.

Several of the members of the board inspected the institution, and then recommended that the water be supplied free of charge.

Purcell Back at Work. Benjamin H. Purcell, assistant State Dairy and Food Commissioner, who has been confined to his home by an attack of pneumonia, has almost entirely recovered his strength, and is now able to attend to the duties of his office.

MINISTERS FAVOR

IN USAGE BILL

Delegation Appears Before House Committee in Support of Land Measure.

Rev. J. Yates Downman, rector of All Saints' Episcopal Church; Rev. H. D. C. MacLachlan, D. D., pastor of the Seventh Street Christian Church; S. K. K. K., general secretary of the Central Y. M. C. A., and others appeared yesterday before the House Committee on General Laws in support of the Land bill, declaring that such injunctions only at the hands of the constituted authorities of the city, or else some representative organization of social workers. He would not let down the law to an irresponsible enthusiast who might seek hasty injunctions before a proper organization had been effected to carry the law into effect, and so do more harm than good. At the request of those who apply to the District of Columbia, and that similar laws have recently been enacted by nine States. It aims to break up segregated districts in cities, and provides for injunction proceedings against the owners of the property. Dr. MacLachlan said that it was not the purpose of those urging such legislation to do anything prejudicial to or to take concerted steps until a definite organization had been effected.

Mr. Willis, of the committee, made the point that that being the case, the law should